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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/019,494	03/08/2002	Samuel D. Bernal	65879-5006	1407	
24574 IEFFER MAN	7590 12/30/200 NGELS, BUTLER & M	EXAM	EXAMINER		
1900 AVENUE OF THE STARS, 7TH FLOOR			EBRAHIM,	EBRAHIM, NABILA G	
LOS ANGELI	LOS ANGELES, CA 90067		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1618		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/30/2009	ELECTRONIC .	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail $\,$ address(es):

patentdocket@jmbm.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Ī	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/019,494	BERNAL ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	NABILA G. EBRAHIM	1618	

	NABILA G. EBRAHIM	1618					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 23 November 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.					
1. \(\sum \) The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of App for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing							
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.				
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(26(a) and the appropriat	o outonoion foo				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1,136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1,136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1,17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office lates than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filled, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1,704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.							
The Notice of Appeal was filed on	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
AMENDMENTS							
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, I They raise new issues that would require further core They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo).	nsideration and/or search (see NO		cause				
 (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or 	ter form for appeal by materially red	ducing or simplifying t	ne issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a on NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	cted claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).				
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the				
 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proving. 		I be entered and an e	xplanation of				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:							
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a				
 ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.				
The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)						
/Michael G. Hartley/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1618							

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that the Examiner had not met her burden in establishing the prima facie case of obviousness citing Oseroff for disclosing that "it is possible that other cationic molecules that concentrate within the mitochondria at higher levels or that is more efficient photosensitizers will still be more effective:". The Examiner also cites Oseroff teaches generally that Oseroff teaches that carcinoma cell mitochondria preferentially accumulate and retain cationic dyes to a much greater extent than most normal cells. Pomerantz who discloses Toluidine blue 0 which is not claimed in the present invention, and Brenner who teaches that phenosafranin dye does not stain the mitochondria. This was not found persuasive because Pomerantz teaches that in-vivo diagnostic procedures for detection of premalignant gral lesions or gral carcinomas, employing dve compositions, which are selectively retained by tissues rendered abnormal due to dysplasia, hyperplasia, tumorigenesis, and other active surface lesions, are known in the art., Regarding Brenner, it is noted that the reference does not teach that phenosafranins due does not stain the mitochondria. However, it is the position of the Examiner that since phenosafranin was disclosed generically in the instant specification once. No further specific type, formula for the compound or description was disclosed. Thus, the genus green B (diethylsafranin is a species derived from the genus phenosafranin taught by instant application) is the species disclosed by Brenner which reads on the generic disclosure. Therefore, it noted that disclosing diethylsafranin is sufficient to establish the prima facie case of obviousness and satisfy the Applicant's arguments regarding MPEP \$2144.08. Applicant alleges that it is not acceptable to try all cationic dyes to reach the instant claimed invention and provides evidence that these reaches (1000 dyes). To respond to Applicant, it is noted that the document provided provides no evidence of a number of CATIONIC DYES, it only provides number of ALL stains. Further, cationic dyes as mentioned in the invention are a group of dyes that are known to be used in medicine (see all the documents that are provided by the Examiner since the beginning of prosecution). However, there are a good number of cationic dyes that are -for example- used in staining fabric and cloth. It is also noted that even among these stains there are some stains specialized in staining acrylic fibers, wool etc. Therefore, the number 1000 would not be the correct precise number used in trials. In addition, since in vitro experiments are available to people having ordinary skill in the art, it is expected that medical sciences would be able to handle the finite number of possibilities that arise in this respect without difficulty provided that the benefits that returns from such experiments would be rewarding as expected by Oseroff. The Examiner will attach a document that shows CATIONIC DYES only -not all types of dyes- that are ONLY 45 dyes, however, these include cationic dies that may or may not be safe in use for medical purposes which can be easily verified by people having ordinary skill in the art.